





## THE LEGISLATURE.

BUSINESS RECORD OF BOTH HOUSES OF THE ASSEMBLY.

The Proceedings in the Senate—The Doings in the House—the Introduction of New Mater and the Passage of Bills on a Third Reading—The Report of Committees—Points.

The senate met at the usual hour yesterday, President Boynton presiding.

The judiciary committee made a report on the following bills: A bill to authorize creditors to redeem property of debtors from tax sales. Recommend that it pass by substitute.

A bill to prevent the abatement of letters of testamentary or administration granted to females upon their marriage. Recommend that it pass by substitute. A bill to prescribe the manner in which foreign insurance companies shall obtain license in this state. Recommend that it do not pass.

Mr. Polhill, of the committee on finance, made a report on the following bills: A bill to require railroad companies to return property for taxation in the counties through which they run. Recommend that it pass. A bill to relieve crippled soldiers from the payment of poll tax. Recommend that it do pass.

On motion of Mr. Polhill, one hundred copies of bill No. 31 to require railroads to return their property in the counties through which they run, were ordered printed for the use of the senate.

Leave of absence was granted Mr. DuBignon.

On the call of the roll for the introduction of new matter the following bills were read a first time:

By Mr. McDonald—A bill to authorize the trustees of the state university to accept as a part of the state university a college of agriculture, mechanical science, etc., which is to be established at Waycross. The bill provides that the tuition shall be free to white males and females. It also indicates the course of training. The bill was referred to the committee on education.

By Mr. McDonald—A bill to levy and collect a tax of \$2 on dogs, exempting one dog on every farm and one dog for every butcher.

The bill provides that dogs be given in as other property is given in and that the proceeds shall be devoted to the school fund of the county. The bill was referred to the committee on agriculture.

By Mr. Tutt—A bill to amend section 4500 of the code so as to make it apply to farm tenants and laborers getting supplies, etc., and agreeing to work out. The bill was referred to committee on agriculture.

A resolution was adopted requesting the committee on deaf and dumb asylum to report on the propriety of building a branch of the institution at some eastern, southern or western part of the state.

On motion of Mr. Polhill the bill was taken up and read a first time. To incorporate the Rome and Eatonton railroad company. A bill to make effective section 1439 of the code. A bill to amend section 4527 of the code. A bill to amend incorporating the town of Hogansville was read the first time. Referred to committee on agriculture.

Mr. Jones of Twiggs—A bill to regulate the granting of license to sell liquor in Twiggs county was read the first time. Referred to committee on agriculture.

Mr. Burch of Towns—A bill to prohibit the driving of live stock from North Carolina into the counties of this state north of the Blue Ridge was read the first time. Referred to committee on agriculture.

Mr. Jones of Twiggs—A bill to regulate the traffic of cattle between the states of Wilkinson and Twiggs was read the first time. Referred to special judiciary committee.

Mr. McGregor of Warren—A bill to regulate the mode of drawing orders on the county treasurer of Warren was read the first time. Referred to financial committee.

Also a bill to prevent live stock from running at large in Warren county was read the first time. Referred to committee on agriculture.

The house adjourned to 9 o'clock Tuesday.

**The Hill Portrait.**

The following is a copy of the announcement in THE CONSTITUTION of the original proclamation concerning the portraits for painting the portrait of Hon. Hill.

The committee appointed by the legislature to procure a portrait of Senator Hill met at the Kimball house. The committee was composed of Dr. Dredge, member from Fulton county; Mr. W. H. Bulsey member from Fulton and Senator Hughes of Twiggs. The committee had spent a portion of the day in examining the portraits of different artists of the city and inscribing their work.

After discussing the matter the committee decided to announce that all persons who desired to contribute toward the cost of the portrait were required to paint a "half-size" portrait of Mr. Hill to be shown to the committee in July next after the legislative session.

The committee will decide upon the artist who shall paint the portrait, which shall be hung in the hall of the house of representatives, and for which a sum of \$1000 will be paid.

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The decision of the committee is to be announced in the four leading Georgia papers and in Washington City papers.

Lewis, Iowa.—Dr. M. J. Davis says: "Brown's" Iron Bitter gives the best of satisfaction to those who use it.

**A Parallel.**

Suppose there is a clear silver river flowing through a populous country. A million families, dwelling on its banks, have drunk of its waters for years, and have found it soft, palatable, refreshing and wholesome. Suppose some speculators, to start a boom in their property, caused these people to believe that unknown waters, that they had discovered under the earth, were quite the thing medically or otherwise, for the contented and healthy people living on the silver river banks. Would it bring about the desired boom, and induce the population to turn from the old stream of nature? Hardly! Dr. Price's Pure Creme Baking Powder has been in use for years in a million American homes, and found to be to-day, as it has always been, effective, healthful, wholesome and delicious. The reader can continue the parallel.

The following committees were announced:

On the inspection of fertilizers, Messrs. Tatum, Peoples and Livingston. On visiting the academies for the deaf, dumb and blind, Messrs. Bush and Baker.

The bill to amend section 4587 in reference to power of franchise in obtaining credit was read the special order for Friday next. The bill striking the word "horse pistol" from section 4527 was passed.

The bill to prescribe how foreign insurance companies shall obtain license in this state was made the special order for Thursday next.

The bill to make a dealer in whisky who sells less than five gallons a retailer, was referred to the committee on judiciary.

The bill of Mr. Jones to regulate the practice in the superior courts in reference to the change of the judge to be passed.

On motion of Mr. Tutt, Mr. J. F. Tate, of Atlanta, was invited to a seat on the floor of the senate.

The senate then adjourned.

**THE BEAUTIFUL GREEN MELON.**

A beautiful thing it was, and right green was young Mr. Green who went down to the cellar about midnight and ate nearly half of it. The next day young Mr. Green said he did not want any breakfast, and he thought he might as well go to bed. He did, and he hadn't seen that arternoon. By the prompt administration of PERRY DAVIS'S PAIN KILLER young Mr. Green's internal economy was reduced to a state of peace and comfort.

Kentucky papers announce the price of hemp steady. We need not say no more.

**Premature Loss of the Hair**

May easily be prevented by the use of BURNETT'S COCAINE.

The superiority of BURNETT'S FLAVORING EXTRACT consists in their perfect purity and strength.

The moon is the poorest of planets, being often reduced to its last quarter.

A GOOD ARTIFICIAL FOOD, flesh and heat producing, with a proper degree of mineral elements, is found in Mellin's food. Mothers wishing robust infants should not fail to test this article, which is highly lauded by leading physicians as the best substitute ever offered. All druggists have it.

M. Crittenden of Randolph—A bill to exempt Dr. J. R. Robinson from the requirements of an act regulating the practice of medicine. Referred to committee on local and special bills; also a bill to prohibit railroads from discriminating any passenger stations they have heretofore or may hereafter establish, for consecutive years. Referred to committee on railroads.

Mr. Robbie of Richmond—A bill to provide for taxing rolling stock, and other personal property of railroads lying in this state and partly in other states, was read the first time. Referred to committee on finance.

Mr. Calvin of Richmond—A bill to declare personal property of every kind to be the subject of collateral pledge or pawn was read

the first time. Referred to general judiciary committee.

Mr. Robbie of Richmond—A bill to repeal an act to create a board of police commissioners for the city of Augusta was read the first time. Referred to special judiciary committee.

Messrs. Harris of Bibb and Russell of Clarke, were added to the committee to attend the commencement exercises of the State university.

Mr. Calvin of Richmond—A resolution that a committee of five from the house and three from the senate be appointed to report at the present session, suitable resolutions upon the life and services of the late Governor Charles J. Jenkins. Agreed to.

Mr. Hawkes of Sumter—A bill to authorize creditors to redeem property of debtors from tax sales. Recommend that it pass by substitute.

A bill to prevent the abatement of letters of testamentary or administration granted to females upon their marriage. Recommend that it pass by substitute.

Mr. Wilson of Sumter—A bill to extend the limits of Americus was read the first time. Referred to special judiciary.

Mr. Hawkes of Sumter—A bill to amend an act to ratify and confirm the action of the mayor and council of Americus in building a bridge across Flint river was read the first time. Referred to special judiciary committee.

Also, a bill to provide for the distribution of the fines and forfeitures arising in the county court of Sumter, was read the first time. Referred to general judiciary committee.

Also, a bill to empower the mayor and council of Americus to receive from any person charged with a violation of ordinance, a bond for his appearance, was read the first time. Referred to general judiciary committee.

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Also, a bill to amend the charter of the town of Crawfordville, was read the first time. Referred to committee on corporations.

Mr. McCants of Taylor—A bill to regulate the sale of liquor in Taylor county. Referred to committee on temperature.

Mr. Eason of Telfair—A bill to fit the license for selling liquor within the corporate limits of the towns in Telfair county, was read the first time. Referred to finance committee.

Mr. Hawkes of Sumter—A bill to authorize the mayor and council of Americus to remove persons having small pox in said city to a pest house, to compel all persons living in said city to be vaccinated, and to quarantine said city. Referred to committee on local and special bills.

Mr. Crenshaw of Troup—A bill to regulate the manner of holding municipal elections in LaGrange was read the first time. Referred to committee on corporations.

Mr. Polhill of Union—A bill to prescribe the duties of the deputy clerks of county courts and to provide for their compensation was read the first time. Referred to committee on general judiciary.

Mr. Burch of Towns—A bill to prohibit the collection of tolls by turnpike road and toll-gate keepers, was read the first time. Referred to committee on roads and bridges.

Mr. Crenshaw of Troup—A bill to amend an act incorporating the town of Hogansville was read the first time. Referred to committee on corporations.

Mr. Jones of Twiggs—A bill to regulate the granting of license to sell liquor in Twiggs county was read the first time. Referred to committee on agriculture.

Mr. Bullock of Fulton—A bill to regulate the driving of live stock from North Carolina into the counties of this state north of the Blue Ridge was read the first time. Referred to committee on agriculture.

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## THE CONSTITUTION,

PUBLISHED DAILY AND WEEKLY

ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

THE DAILY CONSTITUTION is published every day, except Monday, and is delivered by carriers in the city, or mailed postage free at \$1 per month \$2 for three months, or \$10 a year.

THE CONSTITUTION is for sale on all trains leading out of Atlanta, and at newsstands in the principal southern cities.

ADVERTISING RATES depend on location in the paper and will be furnished on application.

CORRESPONDENCE containing important news solicited from all parts of the country.

ADDRESS all letters and telegrams, and make all drafts or checks payable to

THE CONSTITUTION,  
Atlanta, Georgia.

ATLANTA, GA., JULY 17, 1883.

INDICATIONS for the South Atlantic, nearly stationary, barometer stationary or falling temperature, variable winds, mostly southwesterly; fair weather in southern portion.

DENNIS KEARNEY is coming to the surface once more. His appearance before a body of New York workmen, was the occasion of some disorderly proceedings, in which Dennis was treated disrespectfully.

EVERY small boy in the land—and many who are small boys no longer—will be pained to learn of the death of General Tom Thumb. No man ever before achieved so much greatness on so little; nor became so familiar in every home.

The familiar name of John Jones—the exact state treasurer—is once more a topic of conversation. Steps were initiated in the legislature yesterday to find out where the money went, and "Honest Jack" is expected to shed some light on the question.

THE operators insist that their strike is to mean business, that they are ready to stand a seige of three months if the commercial world can stand it. It will give the public a chance to see what the world would be without Morse's great discovery. It may also affect Western Union watered stock.

THE story is now in circulation that General Crook's campaign was a grand farce; that he was conquered early in the campaign; that his subsequent movements were dictated by the hostiles, who permitted his command to escape provided Crook would have the whole band restored to the reservation.

### THE NEW REPUBLICAN SCHEME.

In the last issue of his admirable Philadelphian *Hebdomadal*, the American, Mr. Wharton Barker announces with a flourish of tin horns that the American nation has entered upon a new financial era in its history. The chief occasion of Mr. Barker's grand flourish seems to be the fact that the republican state convention of Pennsylvania, composed of the tools of the monopolists for whose profit the people of the country are robbed, has adopted as a part of its platform the insane protection programme which, for its purpose the distribution of the surplus money that is flowing into the treasury from the pockets of the tax-payers among the states.

We have already alluded to this scheme of plundering in such terms as it seemed to deserve. Political adventurers and those who are interested in the plans and profits of the monopolists will take kindly to it, but there is nothing in the new republican programme to command it to the countenance or support of any honest and patriotic man. Its object is to strengthen and perpetuate the present vicious system of taxation, which not only provides extraordinary subsidies for the monopolists, but annually robs the tax payers of millions of dollars for which the government has no need.

The new republican scheme is intended to gild this system by dividing the surplus taxes among the states. The viciousness of this plan is manifest on its face, and we should be only too glad if Mr. Wharton Barker's fondest hope could be realized and the great scheme of fraud made a part of the platform of the national republican party. The country needs a little skirmish with flat-footed republican dishonesty in order to clear up the moral atmosphere. Let Mr. Wharton Barker's great financial new era be inaugurated at once.

### THE STREET COMMISSION.

The mayor and city council of Atlanta are asking the legislature of Georgia to abolish the street commission. We do not know the reasons moving them to make this request, but we are satisfied that it is better to let the commission law remain. Every objection that has been made will apply equally as well to any organization in the city, and it is the duty of the council to perfect the commission if it is not perfect, and not try to abolish it. If they are not satisfied with the commissioners, and too much is paid them as compensation, the city council is to blame and not the law making the commission.

One of the main reasons, as we understand it, for creating this commission, was to prepare and put in operation a system of permanent improvements for our streets. The work was to be carried out by the commission and the city council were to be relieved of a great responsibility. At the same time they were to be a check on the commission and the commission a check on the city council, to prevent the foolish expenditure of money and other irregularities, too common where the streets were worked under supervision of the council. Thousands of dollars had been spent annually, before the commission was created, for work on our streets, and none of it for permanent improvement. Every new chairman of the street committee would have a new plan, and it was not unfrequently the case that one chairman would spend a large sum in tearing up the work of his predecessor and then having the work done according to his idea, all of which would be torn up or changed by his successors. The commission was made to prevent this kind of work and we are satisfied that the plan of permanent improvement that has been adopted by the present commission is the most comprehensive and at the same time extensive that we have had since the city has been in existence. If the commission is carry-

ing out the work as it was contracted to be done, and we have no reason to doubt it, the work will result in great good to the city. It is the duty of the city council to examine closely into the matter and see if the commission is doing its duty. If it is not, then the commissioners ought to be abolished and the law so amended as to make the commission more effective. It is charged that the commissioners are expensive. If this is true the council is to blame for it. They fix the salaries, and have the right to regulate it as to make the pay what they please. The commissioners cannot fix their own pay, they can only refuse to hold the office if they are not satisfied with the salary. The city council certainly thought once that the commission was of great service to the city or they would never have fixed a salary that is claimed by another council to be so much too large.

We have a commission of roads and revenue for this county. It is a grand success, and no one wants it abolished now, yet there were plenty of men in the county who objected to it when it was organized.

We have a police commission, and while now and then hear some one who is dissatisfied because he fails to get a place on the force or get a friend on, advancing arguments against the police commission, nine men in the city out of every dozen want it continued, and would reinstate it if it was ever abolished. So it is with the street commission.

It will be a fatal mistake to abolish the commission, because some of the council or some of the citizens are not satisfied with the commissioners. They can be disposed of if they are not doing their duty, and the city council will be doing a great service to the city if they will so amend the law as to make the commission more effective and to remedy any errors, rather than to seek to annul a law that is a good one if properly administered.

### NEGRO CONVENTIONS.

The proceedings of two recent negro conventions, one held in the impenetrable state of Texas and the other in the fiery city of St. Louis, demonstrate the fact that such of the representatives of the race as found their way into these conventions are by no means agreed as to the policy, the prospects, the purposes or the desires of the negroes. All is confusion and disagreement save in one direction.

A desire to make political capital in one way and another, and this desire seems to be confined altogether to the perturbed spirits who find themselves compelled to call conventions and parade in public and pass resolution, every few weeks.

May it generally be taken for granted that if there is not a negro convention in session somewhere in this vast republic, one is about to be held, or that Frederick Douglass has written a letter recommending that one be called. We do not at all understand what these conventions are about, but it may be accepted as a fact that their promoters are persons whose only interest in their race is in the direction of office-holding. They know very well that such assemblies as they are enabled to draw together can accomplish no real good for the negro race, and they know, moreover, that the great mass of negroes whom they pretend to represent not only care nothing about such conventions, but are profoundly ignorant of their existence.

### PERSONAL INTELLIGENCE.

W. H. MALLOCK, the author, is a candidate for parliament.

POSTMASTER-GENERAL GRESHAM returned to Washington yesterday.

THE PRINCE OF WALES delights in black costumes with trimmings.

CAROLINE LEE HESTZ's son is a doctor and an orange-grover in Florida.

THE HONORARY TITLE of D. H. has been conferred upon Rev. Mr. Quigg, of Conyers.

HELEN TAYLOR, stepdaughter of John Stuart Mill, is the first woman elected to the presidency of a standing committee of the London school board. JUH, the Chiricahua, does not pronounce his name as if he were a Hebrew. He calls it "Hoo," but he is so downcast now that he doesn't know who Juh is.

THE DUKE OF NORFOLK, who is one of the richest men in Eng and, is about to sell the decorative ornaments of Arundel castle and Norfolk house.

MRS. FRANCIS HOPSON BURNETT gives the following directions how to write a novel: "You must have pen, ink and paper. Use the first with brains, the second with imagination, and the third with generosity."

REV. DR. STEPHEN H. TYNG, SR., of New York, has quite recovered from his recent illness. On Wednesday he and Mrs. Tyng will celebrate their golden wedding anniversary. They were married in 1851 while Dr. Tyng was rector of St. Paul's, Philadelphia.

THE DAUGHTER of an earl stopped dancing with the prince of Wales, and openly refused to go on, because he was holding her too closely, and otherwise misbehaving himself, in a large ball room. She left him in the middle of the floor, and asked an acquaintance to take her to her mother.

THERE ARE NOW only three men in the British house of commons who were there when Victoria ascended the throne, forty-six years ago. They are Mr. Gladstone, Mr. Talbot, member for Glamorganshire, and Mr. Villiers, member for Wolverhampton. Earl Grey is the only living member of the cabinet that was in office at that time.

### SOUTHERN INTELLIGENCE.

THERE IS \$800,000 in the state treasury of Texas.

THE POPULATION of Little Rock, Arkansas, is 23,763.

THE SYRUP INDUSTRY is growing in some parts of Louisiana.

NORTH LOUISIANA will make the best corn crop in many years.

A SNOW WHITING was killed a few days ago at Brazos Bend, Texas.

THE PROSPECT for corn and cotton throughout northwest Louisiana was never better.

THE CHARLESTON, S. C., POSTAGE EXCHANGE now has three hundred and forty subscribers.

THE CORN CROP in Georgia and Florida is said to be the best ever grown in the two states.

AT A SALE OF ALDERNEY CATTLE in Frankfort, Ky., Wednesday, the bull Wandering brought \$2,175.

TAXES HAS RECEIVED \$65,000 REVENUE SINCE THE FIRST OF LAST SEPTEMBER IN EXCESS OF RECEIPTS FOR LAST YEAR.

ONE HUNDRED AND SIX NEW HOUSES HAVE BEEN BUILT AT CULMEN, ALA., WITHIN THE PAST THREE MONTHS.

NORFOLK, VA., BOASTS A POPULATION OF MORE THAN 32,000. IT IS THE THIRD COTTON MARKET IN THE UNITED STATES.

THERE ARE 47,298 MEMBERS OF THE BAPTIST CHURCH IN ARKANSAS. NEXT IN POINT OF MEMBERS COMES THE METHODIST DENOMINATION, 41,613.

R. W. HARRISON, of Melrose, is the honey farmer of Rockingham county, Va. This year from 15 hives he will secure a crop of over 2,000 pounds of honey, for which he will get about \$400. This besides an increase of his bees, which will be fully equal to his working capital.

LITTLE BILLY CHANDLER'S MAMMA in the New

Hampshire legislature continues dangerously ill. Little Billy wears a horsehair breastpin and is otherwise in a state of mourning.

ANOTHER MISSISSIPPI RIVER CONVENTION is to be held. The convention business may as well be turned over to the colored brother and the Mississippi river men.

THE NEW COMMISSIONER OF INTERNAL REVENUE says he doesn't read the papers. The papers, however, have read the new commissioner.

YOUR UNCLE DAVID DAVIS disappeared just as soon as he compared reports to buzzards. The hole he fell in is not full by means.

GERHAERT and MRS. LANGTRY retain their health. This information will be in the nature of a pleasant surprise to Editor Waterman.

THE LATEST DUEL in which the Texas Sniffer has been engaged was a hand-to-hand combat with a hunk of Texas steer.

ANOTHER AND AN ENTIRELY NEW INTERVIEW has established the fact that Mr. Tilden's health is very rough and robust.

THE GEORGIA WATERMELON blushes a delicious pink every time it is stabbed. This lovely vegetable truck is now in its prime.

REPUBLICAN CIVIL SERVICE REFORM has been turned over to revenue commissioner Evans to play with.

DEACON RICHARD SMITH, of Cincinnati, is some divided in his opinion on the Scott law.

### POLITICAL NOTES.

CARLISLE, of Kentucky, declines to talk about the speakership contest.

REPRESENTATIVE HARRIS, of Massachusetts, is asked for as the new secretary of the navy if Mr. Chandler secures a speakership.

MR. HANNIBAL HAMLIN has refused \$50 a column for all he may write of his political reminiscences. He fears that his failing memory might lead him to do injustice to somebody.

JUDGE GEORGE HOADLEY, the democratic nominee for governor of Ohio, has written to Alabama that he will keep his engagement to deliver an address before the state bar association at Blount Springs, August 1.

THE TOLEDO BLADE says that it is the custom of Frank Hurd immediately after registering at a hotel to say to the clerk: "I wish you'd have sent up immediately a pitcher of ice water, a couple of oysters, and a shorthorn reporter of one of the dailies."

"ALL ROADS," says the Albany Times, "lead to New York city and New York is the place to hold the democratic national convention in 1884. There is no democratic convention a plenty. New York is a democratic city, and will give all democratic a democratic welcome."

SENATOR PUGH, of Alabama, thinks that President Arthur will be the strongest man for the republicans next year, as he is the best president since the war. He also adheres to his previously expressed opinion that Mr. Hewitt of New York, is the strongest man for the democrats.

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In the last issue of his admirable *Hebdomadal*, the American, Mr. Wharton Barker announces with a flourish of tin horns that the American nation has entered upon a new financial era in its history.

The chief occasion of Mr. Barker's grand flourish seems to be the fact that the republican state convention of Pennsylvania, composed of the tools of the monopolists for whose profit the people of the country are robbed, has adopted as a part of its platform the insane protection programme which, for its purpose the distribution of the surplus money that is flowing into the treasury from the pockets of the tax-payers among the states.

We have already alluded to this scheme of plundering in such terms as it seemed to deserve. Political adventurers and those who are interested in the plans and profits of the monopolists will take kindly to it, but there is nothing in the new republican programme to command it to the countenance or support of any honest and patriotic man. Its object is to strengthen and perpetuate the present vicious system of taxation, which not only provides extraordinary subsidies for the monopolists, but annually robs the tax payers of millions of dollars for which the government has no need.

The new republican scheme is intended to gild this system by dividing the surplus taxes among the states. The viciousness of this plan is manifest on its face, and we should be only too glad if Mr. Wharton Barker's fondest hope could be realized and the great scheme of fraud made a part of the platform of the national republican party. The country needs a little skirmish with flat-footed republican dishonesty in order to clear up the moral atmosphere. Let Mr. Wharton Barker's great financial new era be inaugurated at once.

### THE STREET COMMISSION.

The mayor and city council of Atlanta are asking the legislature of Georgia to abolish the street commission.

WE DO NOT KNOW the reasons moving them to make this request, but we are satisfied that it is better to let the commission law remain. Every objection that has been made will apply equally as well to any organization in the city, and it is the duty of the council to perfect the commission if it is not perfect, and not try to abolish it. If they are not satisfied with the commissioners, and too much is paid them as compensation, the city council is to blame and not the law making the commission.

ONE OF THE MAIN REASONS, as we understand it, for creating this commission, was to prepare and put in operation a system of permanent improvements for our streets. The work was to be carried out by the commission and the city council were to be relieved of a great responsibility. At the same time they were to be a check on the commission and the commission a check on the city council, to prevent the foolish expenditure of money and other irregularities, too common where the streets were worked under supervision of the council. Thousands of dollars had been spent annually, before the commission was created, for work on our streets, and none of it for permanent improvement. Every new chairman of the street committee would have a new plan, and it was not unfrequently the case that one chairman would spend a large sum in tearing up the work of his predecessor and then having the work done according to his idea, all of which would be torn up or changed by his successors. The commission was made to prevent this kind of work and we are satisfied that the plan of permanent improvement that has been adopted by the present commission is the most comprehensive and at the same time extensive that we have had since the city has been in existence. If the commission is carry-

### THE UNIVERSITY OF GEORGIA.

THE REPORT OF MR. W. W. THOMAS, THE CHAIRMAN OF THE FINANCE COMMITTEE.

IN ORDER THAT THE PUBLIC MAY UNDERSTAND THE REPORTS OF THE APPROPRIATION, OR PART OF IT, NOW MADE TO THE BRANCH COLLEGES BY THE STATE UNIVERSITY, WE PRINT HIS CONCISE AND COMPREHENSIVE REPORT AS CHAIRMAN OF THE FINANCE COMMITTEE. IT IS A PERFECT EXPPOSITION OF THE FINANCIAL AFFAIRS OF THE UNIVERSITY AND WILL BE OF INTEREST.

ANNUAL REPORT OF FINANCE COMMITTEE UNIVERSITY OF GEORGIA.

To the Board of Trustees:

The following comparative statement follows as regards the assets of the university on July 9th, 1882:

Assets of the University of Georgia, July, 1882.

THE LAND SCRIPT FUND, State of Georgia bonds, 8 per cent, due July 1, 1884. \$96,000.00

State Georgia bonds 7 per cent, due July 1, 1884. \$66,000.00

Amount in hand of governor paying 7 per cent. 90,202.17

Total. .... \$242,202.17

II. THE GENERAL OR FRANKLIN COLLEGE FUND.

Bond of the state of Georgia, paying 8 per cent, due July 1, 1884. \$100,000.00

State Georgia bonds 7 per cent, due January 1, 1892. 3,000.00

State of Georgia 50 year obligations, 7 per

#### THE RAILROADS.

**Statistics of Railway Construction—The Ohio River Pool.**

CHICAGO, July 11.—The Railway Age will publish statistics of railway building for the first half of the current year. These show the construction of 2,569 miles of main track, not including switches or sidings, on 114 lines in thirty five states. Total cost of miles of main track, not including switches or sidings, was \$100,000,000. The difference is accounted for on the ground that last year was extraordinary favorable for the early commencement of work, while the reverse was true this year. Total cost of 9,000 miles were laid in 1882, and 3,500 were laid the first half. The Age estimates the construction for the entire year at \$100,000,000. California came thus far with 260 miles built.

#### The Ohio River Pool.

Chicago Tribune: The representatives of the various roads interested in the Ohio river business will meet again in this city July 16th to make another effort to reorganize the Ohio river pool, or at least to make an agreement by which rates to Ohio river points and Green Line points in the south can be maintained hereafter. The disastrous cutting of rates which has been going on for some months past has been stopped for the time being, but it is quite certain that unless some kind of a pool or ironclad agreement is made at the next meeting the war will break out again with renewed vigor. It is generally believed that some such an agreement as that proposed by the Illinois Central will be adopted at the meeting. The Illinois Central is to be the organizer of an association similar to the Northwestern Traffic association, by which each road is free to take all the business it can get at rates which are to be agreed upon. If no agreement is reached, a commissioner is to be appointed to see that the agreement is carried out and its provisions enforced.

So considerable is the interest of the Ohio river roads in this arrangement that it will be adopted at the next meeting that they are already canvassing names for the position of commissioners. The success of the association greatly depends on the man whom duty it is to enforce it, and it is therefore of the utmost importance that an able and competent man be selected for the place.

At present the Illinois Central is to be the organizer.

Mr. Thomas J. Moore, joint agent of the Chicago east-bound pool, meets with most favor, and it is quite likely that he will be asked to represent the organization.

No man better qualified to carry out efficiently an agreement of this kind than Mr. Moore could be selected. He is a sensible and efficient gentleman, well versed in all the details of railway management and operations. He has been singularly successful in his management of the Chicago east-bound pool, and it is believed that he can take care of the Ohio river combination with equal ability and efficiency without interfering with the performance of the duties of his present position.

#### The Jellico Route.

From the Cincinnati Enquirer.

By the recent opening of the Jellico route, East Tennessee and the Carolinas, a comparatively new territory has been opened up to the Louisville merchants, and it is said the Louisville and Nashville road is doing a very heavy business over the line from Louisville. While our sister city has been benefited by the opening of the Jellico route, Cincinnati will also come in for her share of the benefit.

Formerly the connection with Knoxville and the south of Tennessee, made by the C. N. & St. Louis, New Orleans and Texas Pacific road was to Chattanooga, and from that point over the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia. This was induced by a desire of reducing the cost of getting the tobacco from this city to Chattanooga over the Cincinnati southern division of the C. N. & St. L. P. alone being 350 miles, and from Chattanooga to Knoxville over the East Tennessee and Georgia 110 miles, making the total distance from Cincinnati to Knoxville by the route referred to 466 miles. The opening of the Jellico route, however, places Cincinnati on an equal footing with Louisville in distance, and the same terms as to rates. From Louisville to Knoxville by the Louisville and Nashville the distance is 260 miles, from Cincinnati to Knoxville via the Cincinnati Southern 260 miles, and the distance is 260 miles less than from Louisville. A joint tariff is now being made up and will be out in a few days, in which the rates from here to Knoxville will be the same as from Louisville to Knoxville.

When the piece of road now being built by the Kentucky Central from Richmond to Livingston is completed there will be three lines from Cincinnati to Knoxville, and the distance of comparison it may not be out of place to give the distances by the three lines. Beginning with the Louisville and Nashville, to Louisville over the Louisville, Cincinnati and Lexington division 110 miles; from Louisville to Knoxville is 260 miles, making the total distance to Knoxville 370 miles. The Kentucky Central records 100 miles to Louisville, 72 miles to Cincinnati, 100 miles to Oxford, 100 miles from that point to Knoxville 155, making a total by the Kentucky Central of 325 miles. The Cincinnati Southern the distance from Cincinnati to 110 miles, from there to Knoxville 165 miles, making a total of 280 miles. So that it can readily be seen that while Louisville is deriving a considerable trading traffic by the Jellico, Cincinnati is also mainly benefited, a heretofore comparatively isolated portion of East Tennessee and the Carolinas being brought as near to market almost as Louisville. The purpose of this short statement is simply to good a showing the distance being but forty-three miles greater, and the rates for transportation the same.

#### The Lady Ensen Company.

From the Birmingham Iron Age.

It is not generally known, but one of the most stupendous enterprises ever inaugurated in Alabama is the Lady Ensen mining and manufacturing company. This company was organized several months ago with a capital of \$900,000. The stockholders were Enoch Ensen, Napoleon Hill and N. Fontaine, of Memphis; Samuel Prichett of Nashville; L. C. and W. G. Martineau and William A. Gould of Duluth, Atlanta. Quite recently before the outside world knew it, they possessed themselves of nearly 5,000 acres of the finest coal-bearing land in the north of Alabama, and have already commenced operations. Mr. Gould, with a large party of miners under him, having charge of the work of opening a shaft down to the coal at their first opening in Franklin county, have now completed the work in the counties of Etowah, Colbert and Marion counties. They estimate their coal lands at 50,000 acres, and their ore lands at 100,000 acres. The one is brown hematite and the coal is bituminous. The coal is of the best quality, the largest vein, being of that variety. This coal has been analyzed, and is said to be superior to the famous splinters of Scotland, containing about 70 per cent of fixed carbon, while the Scotch only about 67 per cent. The chief value and usefulness of this coal is that it will make iron without coke, which is a great saving in cost. The iron made from this coal is of the best quality. The finest hematite in the world surrounds their iron ore. It yields 98 per cent of carbonate of lime. They have also found the outcrop of a black band ore, which is 90 per cent of fixed carbon, while the Scotch only about 67 per cent. The chief value and usefulness of this coal is that it will make iron without coke, which is a great saving in cost. The iron made from this coal is of the best quality. The finest hematite in the world surrounds their iron ore. It yields 98 per cent of carbonate of lime. 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## THROUGH THE CITY.

## A GLIMPSE OF CURRENT EVENTS IN ATLANTA.

The Day's Doings in Public Offices—The Record of the Courts, the Railroads and the Hotels—Real Estate Operators—Gossip of All Kinds—Items of General Interest, Etc.

Colonel Thornton's trial is set down for to-day.

The Hill pictures will be on exhibition at the Young Men's Library to-morrow.

Governor McDowell is in Athens attending the commencement exercises of the State university.

Mr. P. S. Gilmore, traveling agent of the Cincinnati Southern railroad, is quite sick at St. Joseph's infirmary.

Tuvels got into Mr. Primrose's house on Jenkins street Sunday night while the family were at church and carried away some wearing apparel and some jewelry.

Governor McDowell has offered a reward of \$50 for the capture of Jordan Weatherby, charged with the murder of Adam Culbreath at Chattochoochee county. He escaped from jail.

The southern dental association will meet in this city the last of this month. The convention will be a large one, and will be composed of the leading dentists of that profession throughout the south.

Old Joe Wickick\* and Captain T., the latter a negro, who have figured so prominently in police circles for several years past, were tried on charges yesterday and were adjudged guilty by Ordinary Calhoun.

Burglars forced an entrance into Mr. C. V. Orr's store, corner of Broad and Marietta streets, Sunday night, and carried away several cheap watches and some jewelry. The thief entered through a rear window.

Riley Calloway was picked up by mounted Officers West, Scarborough and Clark yesterday and given a cell in the calaboose. Besides being charged with obtaining goods under false pretenses in Atlanta, the prisoner is wanted in LaGrange.

Yesterday Chief Connolly was informed that a white woman, wife of the second Tandywood branch, and that he had been there exposed to the weather while quite sick. Instantly he was sent for and conveyed to the Ivy street hospital. He gives his name as Force, and says he is a baker by trade.

Dave Hill, a colored mason, was working on the City bank building, fell from a scaffold on the Pry street side of the building early yesterday morning and received internal injuries which resulted in death. The fall was fully twenty feet. Immediately after the accident Hill was picked up in a carriage and taken to his home on Wheat street, where he was lingering in great pain at midnight.

## SKIPPED WITH THE PILE.

A Good Samaritan Forges a Check, Collects the Money and Leaves for Parts Unknown.

The Good Samaritans a lodge composed of the well-to-do negro men of Atlanta are now mourning over the loss of \$1,000, and the sudden disappearance of one of their most and most active members. The Good Samaritans met every Thursday night on the third floor of a building on Broad street, at the corner of Mitchell. They gathered into their treasury nearly \$1,000, besides having purchased a lot on Ivy street upon which they intended to build a house as soon as the necessary money could be secured. Not long since they gave a supper for the purpose of augmenting their cash on hand. James P. Mitchell, a young colored man, was one of the trustees of the association, and as such was one of the managers of the property. The dual capacity he held as the custodian of a part of the money realized at the supper, but being a trusted and energetic member of the lodge, he was not called upon for an immediate settlement and the money Mitchell had in his keeping was not asked for until last Friday, when E. C. Cooper, the secretary of the lodge, notified him that there would be a meeting of the trustees Saturday night, and that he would be called upon for his account. Mitchell manifested no glimmer, and said he would be with his ports and about \$5 in money which he had received at the supper. On Saturday night the trustees met and until 10 o'clock waited Mitchell's coming, and then rather puzzled at his absence, which was unusual, as he was one of the most zealous members of the order, the trustees separated. On Sunday Mitchell could not be found, and before dark it began to rain. To the room where he had skipped with the pile. At once an investigation of this rumor was commenced by Edward Hill, the chief of the lodge, and in the investigation, developments occurred which startled the Good Samaritans and made manifest to them that they had been victimized. As a member of the lodge and a member of the board of trustees, Mitchell knew just how much money the lodge had, and where it was kept. With a dexterity seldom witnessed in one of their number, he drew a check on the Bank of Atlanta, National bank, on the 1st bank where the lodge deposited its money, for \$942 40 the exact amount due the order. To this check he affixed the name of Edward Hill, chief, and E. C. Cooper, corresponding secretary. These forgeries were perfect and when Mitchell presented the forged check to the teller of the bank he walked out thinking himself \$942 40 richer and at once left the town. The last seen of Mitchell was Saturday afternoon. He was standing on Forsyth street where the railroad crosses it and when the West Point train came along he jumped on and soon disappeared. Mitchell has a wife on Houston street and inquiry at his home showed that fact he had not been home since Saturday morning. He is a fair black, is twenty-five years old, is five feet seven inches high, weighs 140 pounds, spare built and wears a mustache and side whiskers. He is a sharp, shrewd darkey and the Good Samaritans offer \$100 for his arrest.

## A LOST CONFEDERATE.

How the Constitution Found a Soldier's Long Lost Brother—in Illinois Soil.

The CONSTITUTION of Friday last contained a list of the confederate dead who died in Camp Douglas, and whose bodies are now resting in Illinois soil near Chicago. That list, though it reverted to the dark and gloomy days of 61-65, when death was having a rich harvest, carried intelligence of a sad yet glad nature to many a home in Georgia, or it gave for the first time the real fate of many a brave soldier who heretofore had been among the "missing."

Among the names printed in that list, which now is a part of history, was that of F. G. Gray. F. G. Gray entered the Confederate army and moved to the South. He was a private in company K, 37th Georgia, and as such gave his life for the cause he believed to be just and right, but until that list appeared in the columns of THE CONSTITUTION, Mr. Gray's friends in Georgia knew nothing of his death. When he enlisted, he was forty-four years of age and was a resident of Columbus. He was one of the editors of the Columbus Sun, and when he marched away from home, he left behind a wife and three children.

draw all of whom are yet alive. When Mr. Gray joined the army he had a brother, Captain James T. Gray, now of this city, in the service, and side by side these two soldiers went through many a fierce battle. Just previous to the battle of Franklin, Tennessee, Captain Gray was transferred from the 37th Georgia to the Enfaua artillery, and after that he and his brother were less frequently together, but hardly ever apart without bringing news to each of the other, as they were both in the same command. When Hood's army was in front of Nashville the brigades to which both brothers belonged were in the front. The fight seemed inevitable, and every soldier in the army knew that it would be a fierce struggle, and that many lives would be given up. Then every mind returned to those at home, and made a brief note was passed by the soldiers awaiting the results of the battle on the day preceding the first day's fight the Messrs. Gray met for the last time. Captain Gray's artillery was stationed on one side of the turnpike and his brother's command on the other side. It was on this thoroughfare that the two brothers met and talked of home and family. The conversation was a brief one and during it each brother pledged the other that should one fall the other would care for those at home. Then they separated with a strong pressure of the hands each to his son. The next day Captain Gray's battery was moved to the city quarry. Long ago he had established a reputation for abiding the sentence of the court, and consequently became a "trusty" in her prison. The wife and children at home waited and watched too, for the absent one's return, but he came not, and as the days passed and multiplied into months and no intelligence as to his whereabouts or fate reached them, the conviction that he was dead forced itself upon those who mourned for him. But where had he died? how? and when? These questions were frequently to those who loved him, and with anxiety came that sadness which is known alone to those whose loved ones have passed away.

Again time advanced and years ago the dead soldier and journalist passed from the memories almost of those whom he loved best. Efforts were made by Captain Gray to find the resting place of his dead brother but it remained for chance to direct him to the spot where brother's bones have rested for the past seventeen years. Captain Gray, like many other readers of our newspaper, read the list of contractors dead last Friday morning and through pity, little dreamt that before he should complete the roll he would find the name of his long lost brother. At first the name held him spellbound, and then reason convinced him that he was right. There was the name, the company and the regiment—F. M. Gray, company K, 37th Georgia. He could not doubt it, and soon he informed the family of the dead man. The same day, at the crushed, by chance he met Mr. Edgar Gray, a son of his dead brother, and between the two it was agreed that the remains should be brought home this fall.

## SOUTHEASTERN ASSOCIATION.

Departure of Insurance Men From Atlanta to Attend the Asheville Tariff Meeting.—Yesterday afternoon, following the regular passenger train on the Air-Line was a special W. & W. passenger coaches and two sleepers. It went to Asheville, N. C., and was well filled with ladies and gentlemen seeking the cool resorts of the Carolina mountains and with delegates to the Southeastern Tariff association, which will meet at Asheville to-morrow. The following well known insurance men were in this company: E. S. Gay, W. P. Patillo and many others. The Good Samaritans were also present. Thursday night on the third floor of a building on Broad street, at the corner of Mitchell. They gathered into their treasury nearly \$1,000, besides having purchased a lot on Ivy street upon which they intended to build a house as soon as the necessary money could be secured. Not long since they gave a supper for the purpose of augmenting their cash on hand. James P. Mitchell, a young colored man, was one of the trustees of the association, and as such was one of the managers of the property. The dual capacity he held as the custodian of a part of the money realized at the supper, but being a trusted and energetic member of the lodge, he was not called upon for an immediate settlement and the money Mitchell had in his keeping was not asked for until last Friday, when E. C. Cooper, the secretary of the lodge, notified him that there would be a meeting of the trustees Saturday night, and that he would be called upon for his account. Mitchell manifested no glimmer, and said he would be with his ports and about \$5 in money which he had received at the supper. On Saturday night the trustees met and until 10 o'clock waited Mitchell's coming, and then rather puzzled at his absence, which was unusual, as he was one of the most zealous members of the order, the trustees separated. On Sunday Mitchell could not be found, and before dark it began to rain. To the room where he had skipped with the pile. At once an investigation of this rumor was commenced by Edward Hill, the chief of the lodge, and in the investigation, developments occurred which startled the Good Samaritans and made manifest to them that they had been victimized. As a member of the lodge and a member of the board of trustees, Mitchell knew just how much money the lodge had, and where it was kept. With a dexterity seldom witnessed in one of their number, he drew a check on the Bank of Atlanta, National bank, on the 1st bank where the lodge deposited its money, for \$942 40 the exact amount due the order. To this check he affixed the name of Edward Hill, chief, and E. C. Cooper, corresponding secretary. These forgeries were perfect and when Mitchell presented the forged check to the teller of the bank he walked out thinking himself \$942 40 richer and at once left the town. The last seen of Mitchell was Saturday afternoon. He was standing on Forsyth street where the railroad crosses it and when the West Point train came along he jumped on and soon disappeared. Mitchell has a wife on Houston street and inquiry at his home showed that fact he had not been home since Saturday morning. He is a fair black, is twenty-five years old, is five feet seven inches high, weighs 140 pounds, spare built and wears a mustache and side whiskers. He is a sharp, shrewd darkey and the Good Samaritans offer \$100 for his arrest.

Besides these there were W. A. Turk, assistant general freight and passenger agent of the Western railroad of North Carolina, Mr. Ruse and family, Mr. Glover and family, Higley and family, E. W. Tewksbury, Jones, Jr., Mrs. Hilliard, Miss Hilliard, Mrs. B. T. Dow, Mr. McIntyre, Mrs. Humble, Miss Gay, Mrs. Knowles, Mrs. Fillman, Miss Walker, Miss Hall and Mrs. Coleman.

The meeting of the insurance men to-morrow will be for the purpose of considering rates for the gulf states, and it is thought that some important changes may be effected. Representatives from several states will be present. The headquarters of this organization, known as the Southeastern Tariff association, are in Atlanta. The insurance men engaged in their business will have a banquet, an excursion over the romantic Western North Carolina, and will probably return by way of Tate springs where a complimentary ball has been tendered them.

## THE KNIGHTS TEMPLAR.

Some Gossip About the Coming Conclave in San Francisco, California.

The Knights Templar throughout the country are now giving their attention and preparing for the grand conclave which is soon to be held at San Francisco, California. Although the place of meeting is far distant, it is generally conceded that the meeting will be largely attended, especially by northern and western commanders. It will be a grand affair, especially if the enormous transactions that occur are not attended with some profit and with more satisfaction than has been recently apparent.

We cannot but believe that the immediate future promises well for merchants who have been conservative in their operations, and who have not departed from correct business principles, and that ample reward is in store for the employment of capital and business ability in sound and legitimate business ventures.

THE BUSINESS FAILURES.

The business failures throughout the United States and Canada, reported during the past week, 14 more than the preceding week, 16 more than the corresponding week of 1882 and 50 more than the same week of 1881. Compared with the previous week the middle states had 32, an increase of 3; New England states 27, an increase of 21; western states 24, an increase of 7; western states 44, a decrease of 18; Pacific states 15; western 42; middle, 18; southern, 28; Prairie states and territories, 17; New York city, 7; and Canada, 33. The following are some of the embarrassments reported in Atlanta's territory.

FLORIDA.—H. N. Elliott has made an assignment.

GEORGIA.—Ansley J. F. Moore, turpentine, reported failed.

AUGUSTA.—Chapman Bros., plumbers, have made an assignment.

COLUMBUS.—LeFrank & Slade, paints, etc., have made an assignment.

COLUMBUS.—Smith & Smith, printers, reported failed.

CUTHBERT.—H. J. Gartalskay, jeweler, reported closed by foreclosure of mortgage.

MACON.—John T. Boileau, newspaper, reported failed.

MONTGOMERY.—J. DeLoach, groceries, reported failed.

TALLAHASSEE.—J. T. Barnwell & Co., general store, receiver appointed.

NORTH CAROLINA.—New Berne—S. A. Munter has made an assignment.

TARBORO.—H. H. Shaw, general store, reported failed.

SOUTH CAROLINA.—Charleston—B. Rice, drygoods and clothing, has made an assignment.

ATLANTA.—John G. Vaughan, liquors, who

## THE BUSINESS WORLD.

## A GLIMPSE AT WHAT IS GOING ON IN COMMERCIAL CIRCLES.

Reviewing the Past Few Months—Guessing at What will Happen in the Future—What Dun's Commercial Agency Has to Say on the Subject—List of Failures, Etc.

An important piece of commercial news this week is a statement of the business outlook for the year. The agency says:

The results of business during the first half of the current year have not been altogether satisfactory, either as to character, extent or profits. The expectations of a good season, which were based upon a generally prosperous condition of the country, seem hardly to have been fulfilled, and a sense of disappointment and more or less anxiety pervades almost the entire business community. The desire to forecast the future and to scan closely the business outlook, seems more than ever prevalent, because of the disappointment and insecurity which exists. The causes which have operated to make business so unsatisfactory, in the face of a generally prosperous condition of the country, are somewhat obscure, for it is difficult to define accurately what special element is wanting to create activity, impart confidence and begot profit. True, a winter of unusual length and severity was experienced, while the uncertainty regarding tariff and financial legislation retarded business in the early spring; but these, with various local adverse influences, have disappeared, and with a very favorable promise for the crops during the current year, there seems to be little real cause for apprehension as to the future. Speculation, which a year or two ago was rampant in every quarter, has been checked, and probably the large margins, which have either been swept away or have been held to a minimum, will be gradually reduced. A tendency to speculate in stocks, bonds and staple goods, held in this way, is a slow one, especially as prices show so little tendency towards improvement. In addition to the large lock up of money thus involved, a want of confidence has also been engendered, to extent most fatal to business activity and new enterprises. Gradual realization as time goes on, and readjustments of values must improve conditions considerably. While speculation in many circles is still large, it certainly includes a less number of men, and is more engaged in legitimate business than heretofore, and it may be safely said that in this respect the tendency is towards a much safer state of affairs.

A general survey of the general condition of the country fails to detect any element except that which is favorable to its progress and wealth. The most serious evil discernible is that of over production, particularly in the manufacture of staple products, such as cotton, tobacco, sugar, cottonseed oil, etc. This is a serious evil, and it is to be hoped that the market will be relieved of it by a judicious policy of restriction and regulation.

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**THE FINEST  
DRY AIR REFRIGERATORS,  
FREEZERS, FLY FANS  
FRUIT JARS, EVAPORATORS.**

Cheapest ever offered in the State. Beautiful new style Decorated Dinner, Tea and Chamber Sets, Parlor Lamps, etc. Housekeepers, look at our goods before you buy. It will save you money.

MCBRIDE & CO.

**LONDON SMOKED  
EYE PROTECTORS.**



We have just received a large stock of fine Smoked Eye Protectors, first quality imported. Also, a large stock of fine Gold and Steel Specks and Eye Glasses in fine double convex, blue and white lenses, which I guarantee to give satisfaction for five years. Call and see them.

A. F. PICKERT,  
No. 5 Whitehall street.

**FIVE MILLIONS OF BRICK**

Now in stock and for sale cheap.

B. G. LOCKETT & CO.,  
Manufacturers of and wholesale and retail dealers in the

**"CELEBRATED CHATTAHOOCHEE  
RIVER BRICK."**

We are prepared to supply any demand, and will fill all orders promptly. We also manufacture the best and cheapest.

**OIL PRESSED AND FANCY BRICK**

In the south. Builders and contractors will save money by purchasing our brick. Office No. 22 Broad street, up stairs, Atlanta, Ga.

**COTTON AND WEATHER.**

COTTON—Middling uplands closed in Liverpool yesterday at 5 7/16; New York at 10 1/16; in Atlanta at 9 1/2.

**Daily Weather Report.**

OBSERVER'S OFFICE, CORPS U. S. A.  
U. S. CUSTOM HOUSE, July 16, 10:32, P.M.  
All observations taken at the same moment of time at each place named.

NAME OF STATION.	BAROMETER.	Thermometer.	Wind.	Force.	Rainfall.	Weather.
Atlanta.	30.08 82	70 W.	Light.	.10	Clear.	
Augusta.	30.02 79	70 Calm.	Very Fresh.	.00	Clear.	
Gainesville.	30.08 82	72 S.	Fresh.	.00	Clear.	
Indianola.	30.08 82	75 E.	Fresh.	.00	Clear.	
Key West.	30.11 84	75 E.	Fresh.	.00	Clear.	
Mobile.	30.08 82	75 E.	Fresh.	.00	Clear.	
Montgomery.	30.06 83	68 W.	Light.	.00	Clear.	
New Orleans.	30.09 84	70 S.	Fresh.	.00	Clear.	
Pensacola.	30.09 82	69 S. W.	Light.	.00	Clear.	
Pelham.	30.07 80	69 S.	Fresh.	.00	Clear.	
Savannah.	30.04 87	69 S.	Fresh.	.00	Fair.	

**LOCAL OBSERVATIONS.**

Time of observation.	Max Temp.	Min Temp.	Rain Fall.	Wind.	Force.	Rainfall.	Weather.
6:31 a.m.	30.06 73 68	W.	Gent.	.00	Clear.		
10:31 a.m.	30.07 87 69	W.	Fresh.	.00	Clear.		
2:31 p.m.	30.03 90 65	W.	Fresh.	.00	Clear.		
4:3 p.m.	30.03 85 69	W.	Gent.	.00	Fair.		
10:30 p.m.	30.08 81 69	W.	Gent.	.00	Clear.		

**COTTON BELT.**

Observations taken at 5 p.m.—Local time.

Atlanta District.	Max Temp.	Min Temp.	Rain Fall.	Wind.	Force.	Rainfall.	Weather.
Atlanta.	92	75	.00				
Spartanburg.	96	68	.00				
Toccoa.	10	71	.00				
Gainesville.	94	64	.00				
Calhoun.	95	75	.00				
Cartersville.	95	72	.00				
West Point.	98	71	.00				
Newnan.	99	73	.00				
Griffin.	96	73	.00				

**DISTRICTS.**

**AVERAGE.**

1. Wilmington..... 96 74 .68

2. Charleston..... 101 74 .00

3. Augusta..... 99 75 .00

4. Savannah..... 101 75 .08

5. Atlanta..... 97 75 .00

6. Montgomery..... 98 72 .00

7. Mobile..... 101 74 .00

8. New Orleans..... 96 74 .00

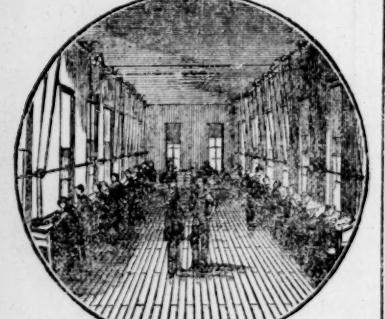
9. Galveston..... 95 73 .00

10. Vicksburg..... 95 73 .00

11. Little Rock..... 94 70 .07

12. Memphis..... 95 73 .09

Mean of Districts..... 97.2 73.5 .06



J. P. STEVENS &

WATCH CO.

MANUFACTURERS OF

**FINE WATCHES.**

FACTORY,

34 Whitehall Street,

ATLANTA, GA.

**THE FRONT**

Of my store will be torn down July 2d, but you will still find me inside selling

**CLOTHING  
AND  
FURNISHING GOODS**

Cheaper than any house in town.

Summer suits at New York cost for cash

A. B. ANDREWS

16 Whitehall Street.

**PERSONAL.**

Captain Isaac S. Boyd and wife left for a trip to Asheville, Warm Springs, N. C., and Tate Springs or the summer.

Mr. and Mrs. E. Crane and family are at New Holland springs in Hall county.

Mr. and Mrs. R. J. Lowry are at Sweet Sulphur springs in Hall county.

Mr. Dan H. Huff, the beautiful and accomplished daughter of Major W. H. Huff, of the Markham, is in the city.

Thomas H. P. Westcott and daughter, Miss Carrie, are preparing to go to Europe.

Mrs. A. Shields, No. 356 Decatur street.

The gun club practices every Tuesday and Friday afternoon. Members will take the five o'clock Peachtree cars.

**NEW FANS, NEW BELTS, NEW WHITE GOODS,  
BEAUTIFUL LACES, ELEGANT HOISERY, NEW RIBBONS, JUST RECEIVED.  
TO BE CLOSED OUT AT A SACRIFICE.  
BLACK SILKS, BLACK SATIN SURAH, COLORED CRESS GOODS, FINE EMBROIDERIES, LARGE LOT HOISERY AND PARASOLS.**

**ALSO  
BODY BRUSSEL CARPETS, TAPESTRY BRUSSEL, IN GRAIN AND CHFAP CARPETS AND  
CHINA MATTINGS.**

We mean to close out the above goods, and will offer honest bona fide bargains. Please call.

**CHAMBERLIN, BOYNTON & CO.**

**AN ELEGANT STOCK**

—OF—

**FINE IMPORTED**

**SATIN HAND-PAINTED FANS**

An entirely new assortment of artistic

**PICTURE FRAMES AND**

**FINE STATIONERY AND VISITING CARDS**

AT THE

**ART PLACE,**

28 Whitehall Street.

**ESTABLISHED 1849**

**LYNCH & LESTER**

SUCCESSORS TO

**LYNCH & THORNTON**

**BOOKS AND STATIONERY**

Blank Books and Office Supplies a Specialty.

**W. F. FREYER,**

The oldest and only exclusive Dealer in

**PIANOS & ORGANS,**

In Atlanta, keeps the finest instruments,

**27 WHITEHALL.**

judgment is rendered for the state against

Messrs. Nutting and Grant, under whom a compro-

mise was effected and Colonel Grant was re-

leased on payment of a sum which satisfied the

state's demands fully warranted. Catalogues and fur-

ther information cheerfully given by mail.

Address:

F. L. FREYER,

27 Whitehall, Atlanta, Ga.

**ALEXANDER H. STEPHENS.**

Address of Colonel Richard Malcolm Johnston at

the Capital Last Night.

Probably no more notable address among the

hundreds on the life and character of Alexander H.

Stephens has been made, or will be made, than that

delivered at the request of the legislature last night

in the hall of the house of representatives by Colonel

Richard Malcolm Johnston, of Baltimore. No man

knew Mr. Stephens better; few were so loved and

trusted by him. The forthcoming life prepared

in part by Colonel Johnston will contain the

best possible record of the public correspondence

of the great man who can be hoped for.

What the book will do fully and minutely the address last night

is general and suggestive.

The SOBRE HORSEMAN.